

CINEMÁTICA

23) página 253.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{moto} \\ \hline s_1 = 20t \end{array}$$

$$s_1 = 20 \cdot 10$$

$$s_1 = 200 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{policía} \\ \hline s_2 = 1,5t^2 \end{array}$$

$$v_2 = 3t$$

$$s_2 = 1,5 \cdot 10^2$$

$$s_2 = 150 \text{ m}$$

$$s_1 = 200 + 20(t - 10)$$

$$s_2 = 150 + 30(t - 10)$$

$$s_1 = s_2 \implies 200 + 20(t - 10) = 150 + 30(t - 10) \implies 200 + 20t - 200 = 150 + 30t - 300$$

$$10t = 150 \implies t = 15 \text{ s}$$

$$s_1 = 200 + 20(15 - 10) \implies s_1 = 300 \text{ m}$$

Se detienen (mrua):

$$\Delta s_1 = 20t + \frac{1}{2}a_1 t^2$$

$$v_1 = 20 + a_1 t$$

$$0 = 20 + a_1 t$$

$$\implies t = -\frac{20}{a_1} = -\frac{30}{a_2}$$

$$\Delta s_2 = 30t + \frac{1}{2}a_2 t^2$$

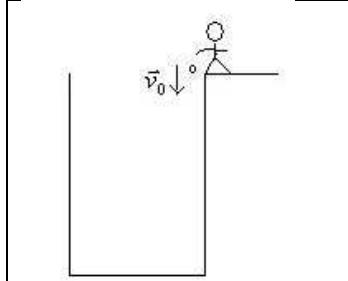
$$v_2 = 30 + a_2 t$$

$$0 = 30 + a_2 t$$

$$100 = 20\left(-\frac{20}{a_1}\right) + \frac{1}{2}a_1\left(-\frac{20}{a_1}\right)^2 = -\frac{400}{a_1} + \frac{200}{a_1} = -\frac{200}{a_1} \implies a_1 = -2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$100 = 30\left(-\frac{30}{a_2}\right) + \frac{1}{2}a_2\left(-\frac{30}{a_2}\right)^2 = -\frac{900}{a_2} + \frac{450}{a_2} = -\frac{450}{a_2} \implies a_2 = -4,5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

74) página 263.



Piedra

$$\Delta h = -5t_1 - 5t_1^2$$

$$v = -5 - 10t_1$$

$$-5t_1 - 5t_1^2 = -340 \cdot (6,5 - t_1)$$

Sonido

$$-\Delta h = 340 \cdot (6,5 - t_1)$$

$$5t_1^2 + 345t_1 - 2210 = 0 \implies t_1^2 + 69t_1 - 442 = 0$$

$$t_1 = \frac{-69 \pm \sqrt{69^2 + 1768}}{2} = \frac{-69 \pm 80,8}{2} \implies t_1 = \frac{11,8}{2} \implies t_1 = 5,9 \text{ s}$$

CINEMÁTICA

$$\Delta h = -5 \cdot 5,9 - 5 \cdot 5,9^2 \implies \Delta h = -203,6 \text{ m}$$

Cuestión de decimales.

$$\Delta h = -340(6,5 - 5,9) \implies \Delta h = -204 \text{ m}$$

65) página 263.

<hr style="border: 0.5px solid black; margin-bottom: 5px;"/> mru	<hr style="border: 0.5px solid black; margin-bottom: 5px;"/> mrua
$\Delta t = 0,3 \text{ s}$	

$$\Delta s_1 = 33,3t$$

$$\Delta s_2 = 33,3t + \frac{a}{2}t^2$$

$$\Delta s_1 + \Delta s_2 = 112 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta s_1 = 33,3 \cdot 0,3$$

$$\Delta s_1 = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$v = 33,3 + at$$

$$0 = 33,3 + at \implies t = -\frac{33,3}{a}$$

$$10 + \Delta s_2 = 112 \implies \Delta s_2 = 102 \text{ m}$$

$$102 = 33,3 \left(-\frac{33,3}{a} \right) + \frac{a}{2} \left(-\frac{33,3}{a} \right)^2 \implies 102 = \frac{33,3^2}{2a} - \frac{33,3^2}{a} \implies 2a \cdot 102 = 33,3^2 - 2 \cdot 33,3^2$$

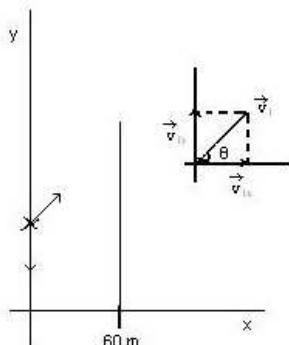
$$204a = -1110 \implies a = -5,4 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t = \frac{-33,3}{-5,4} \implies t = 6,2 \text{ s}$$

$$t_{(total)} = 6,2 + 0,3 \implies t_{(total)} = 6,5 \text{ s}$$

¿?) Se quiere cruzar un río de 60 m de ancho en una barca. La velocidad de la corriente es de 1 m/s y la de la barca es de 2,5 m/s.

- a) ¿Qué ángulo debe formar la dirección de la velocidad de la barca para llegar la punto de enfrente del de partida?
- b) ¿Qué tiempo tarda en llegar?



a) $v_{1x} = 2,5 \cos \theta$
 $v_{1y} = 2,5 \sin \theta$

eje x $\begin{cases} x = 2,5t \cos \theta \\ (mru) \end{cases}$ eje y $\begin{cases} y = (2,5 \sin \theta - 1)t \\ (mru) \end{cases}$

Cuando la barca llega a la otra orilla: $x = 60 \text{ m}$ e $y = 0 \text{ m}$

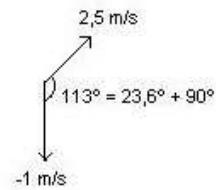
$$60 = 2,5t \cos \theta \implies t = \frac{24}{\cos \theta}$$

$$0 = (2,5 \sin \theta - 1)t \implies 0 = (2,5 \sin \theta - 1) \frac{24}{\cos \theta}$$

CINEMÁTICA

Soluciones $\begin{cases} 0 = 2,5 \operatorname{sen} \theta - 1 \Rightarrow \theta = 23,6^\circ \\ 0 = \frac{24}{\cos \theta} \Rightarrow \text{no tiene solución} \end{cases}$

\Rightarrow



b) $t = \frac{24}{\cos 23,6^\circ} \Rightarrow t = 26,19 \text{ s}$

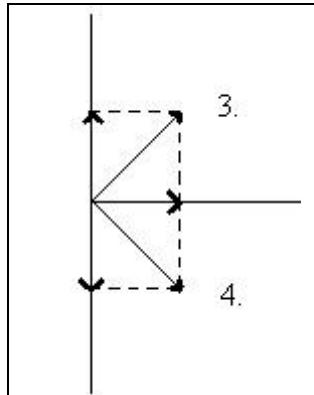
41) página 286.

$y_0 = 9 \text{ m}$

1. $y = 9 + 10t - 5t^2$
 $v = 10 - 10t$

$v_0 = 10 \text{ m/s}$

2. $y = 9 - 10t - 5t^2$
 $v = -10 - 10t$

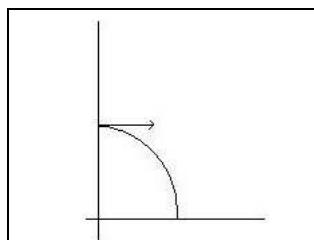


3. $x = 8,7t$
 $y = 9 + 5t - 5t^2$
 $v_y = 5 - 10t$

$v_{03x} = 10 \cos 30^\circ = v_{04x}$
 $v_{03x} = v_{04x} = 8,7 \text{ m/s}$

4. $x = 8,7t$
 $y = 9 - 5t - 5t^2$
 $v_y = -5 - 10t$

$v_{03y} = 10 \sin 30^\circ = -v_{04y}$
 $v_{03y} = 5 \text{ m/s} = -v_{04y}$



5. $v_x = v_{0x} = 10 \text{ m/s}$
 $x = 10t$
 $y = 7 - 5t^2$
 $v_y = -10t$

$v_{0y} = 0 \text{ m/s}$

a) En el suelo: $y = 0 \text{ m}$.

1. $0 = 5t^2 - 10t - 9$ $t = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{100+180}}{10} \Rightarrow t_1 = 2,673 \text{ s}$

$v = 10 - 10 \cdot 2,673 \Rightarrow \vec{v}_1 = -16,73 \vec{j} \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow v_1 = 16,73 \text{ m/s}$

2. $0 = 5t^2 + 10t - 9$ $t = \frac{-10 \pm \sqrt{100+180}}{10} \Rightarrow t_2 = 0,673 \text{ s}$

$v = -10 - 10 \cdot 0,673 \Rightarrow \vec{v}_2 = -16,73 \vec{j} \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow v_2 = 16,73 \text{ m/s}$

3. $0 = 5t^2 - 5t - 9$ $t = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25+180}}{10} \Rightarrow t_3 = 1,93 \text{ s}$

$v_y = 5 - 10 \cdot 1,93 = -14,3 \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow \vec{v}_3 = (8,7 \vec{i} - 14,3 \vec{j}) \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow v_3 = 16,73 \text{ m/s}$

CINEMÁTICA

$$4. \quad 0 = 5t^2 + 5t - 9 \quad t = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25+180}}{10} \Rightarrow t_4 = 0,93\text{s}$$

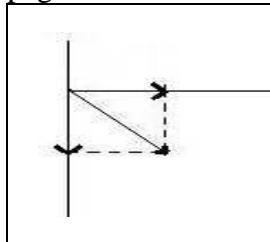
$$v_y = -5 - 10 \cdot 0,93 = -14,3 \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow \vec{v}_4 = (8,7\vec{i} - 14,3\vec{j}) \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow [v_4 = 16,73 \text{ m/s}]$$

$$5. \quad 0 = 5t^2 - 9 \quad t_5 = 1,34\text{s}$$

$$v_y = -10 \cdot 1,34 = -13,4 \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow \vec{v}_5 = (10\vec{i} - 13,4\vec{j}) \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow [v_5 = 16,73 \text{ m/s}]$$

b) $t_2 = 0,673 \text{ s}; t_4 = 0,93 \text{ s}; t_5 = 1,34 \text{ s}; t_3 = 1,93 \text{ y } t_1 = 2,673 \text{ s.}$

29) página 285.



$$\begin{aligned} v_{0x} &= 9 \cos 30^\circ \Rightarrow v_{0x} = 7,8 \text{ m/s} & x &= 7,8t \\ v_{0y} &= -9 \sin 30^\circ \Rightarrow v_{0y} = -4,5 \text{ m/s} & y &= 30 - 4,5t - 5t^2 \\ & & v_y &= -4,5 - 10t \end{aligned}$$

$$a) \quad t = \frac{x}{v_{0x}} \quad y = 30 - 4,5 \left(\frac{x}{7,8} \right) - 5 \left(\frac{x}{7,8} \right)^2 \Rightarrow y = 30 - 0,58x - 0,08x^2$$

$$c) \quad x_{\max} \Rightarrow y = 0 \text{ m} \Rightarrow 5t^2 + 4,5t - 30 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{-4,5 \pm \sqrt{20,25 + 600}}{10} \Rightarrow t = 2,04 \text{ s}$$

$$b) \quad x = 7,8 \cdot 2,04 \Rightarrow x_{\max} = 15,9 \text{ m} \quad (\text{llega al suelo, y no a la pared})$$

$$d) \quad v_y = -4,5 - 10 \cdot 2,04 \Rightarrow v_y = -24,9 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{v} = (7,8\vec{i} - 24,9\vec{j}) \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow [v = 26 \text{ m/s}]$$